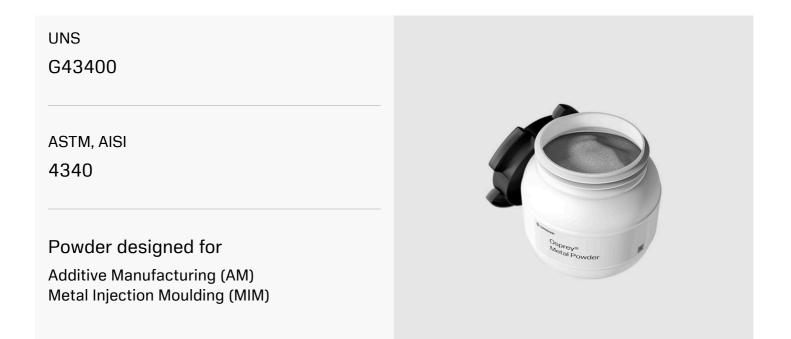


Datasheet Low-alloy steel

Osprey[®] 4340

Osprey[®] 4340 is a medium-carbon, low-alloy steel alloyed with nickel, chromium and molybdenum, and is suitable for heat treatment by quench and tempering to achieve high hardness and toughness.



Product description

Osprey[®] 4340 is a medium-carbon, low-alloy steel alloyed with nickel, chromium and molybdenum suitable for heat treatment by quench and tempering to achieve high hardness and toughness. The alloy is characterized by

Extremely good corrosion resistance in widely varying acidic and chloride containing environments High strength

Excellent fabrication properties

Osprey[®] 4340 can be heat treated to different material conditions using tempering. It is suitable for the use in structural parts in aerospace and automotive, as well as for defense applications and general purposes.

This metal powder is manufactured by Inert Gas Atomization (IGA), producing a powder with a spherical morphology which provides good flow characteristics and high packing density. In



addition, the powder has a low oxygen content and low impurity levels, resulting in a metallurgically clean product with enhanced mechanical performance.



Chemical composition (nominal), %

Last updated: Jul 18, 2023 11:08 AM CET

Fe	Bal.
С	0.38-0.43
Cr	0.7-0.9
Ni	1.65-2.00
Мо	0.2-0.3
Si	0.15-0.35
Mn	0.6-0.8
S	<0.040>
Р	<0.035>

Powder characteristics and morphology Powder for Additive Manufacturing

Osprey[®] metal powder for Additive Manufacturing is characterized by a spherical morphology and high packing density, which confer good flow properties. For powder bed processes these are essential when applying fresh powder layers to the bed to ensure uniform and consistent part build.

For blown powder processes, such as Direct Energy Deposition (DED), good flow ensures uniform build rates. Tight control of the particle size distribution also helps ensure good flowability. Low oxygen powders result in clean microstructures and low inclusion levels in the finished parts.

Powder for Metal Injection Moulding (MIM)

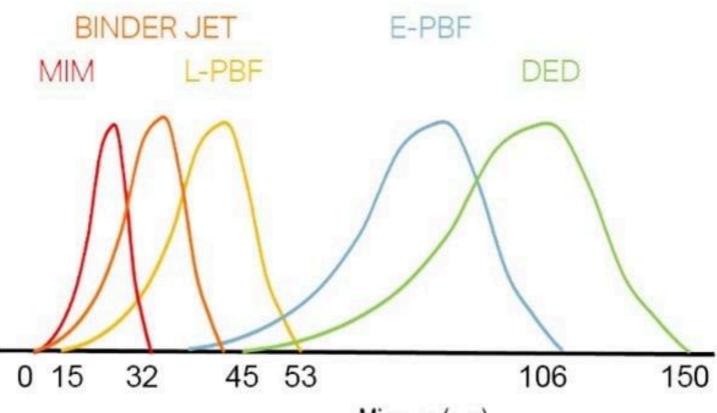
Osprey[®] MIM powder has a spherical morphology, resulting in high packing density. This enables the manufacture of feedstocks with high powder loading, which not only minimizes binder costs but also reduces part shrinkage during debinding and sintering. Spherical powder also has excellent flow characteristics, resulting in reduced tool wear and consistent mould filling.

Osprey[®] MIM powder's low oxygen content allows better control of carbon and consistency during sintering. Low oxygen levels, together with high packing density, also facilitate faster sintering.



Particle size distribution Powder for Additive Manufacturing

Osprey[®] metal powder for Additive Manufacturing is available in a wide range of particle size distributions that are tailored to the individual Additive Manufacturing systems. They can also be tailored to the particular requirements of the end application, both in terms of mechanical performance and surface finish.



Microns (µm)

Process technology	Size (µm)
Binder jetting	≤ 16, ≤ 22, ≤ 32, ≤ 38, ≤ 45
Laser - Powder Bed Fusion (L-PBF)	15 to 53 and 10 to 45
Electron beam - Powder Bed Fusion (E-PBF)	45 to 106
Direct Energy Deposition (DED)	53 to 150

Powder for Metal Injection Moulding (MIM)

Osprey[®] metal powder for Metal Injection Moulding (MIM) is available in a wide range of particle size distributions, from under 5 μ m up to 38 μ m. The table shows our standard particle size distributions for MIM powders.



Size (µm)	D10 (µm)	D50 (µm)	D90 (µm)
≤ 38	5.5	13.0	31.0
≤ 32	5.0	12.0	29.0
80% ≤ 22	4.5	11.5	27.0
90% ≤ 22	4.0	10.5	22.0
90% ≤ 16	3.5	8.0	16.0

*Particle size measurements performed using a Malvern laser particle size analyzer, typical D10, D50 and D90 provided.

Tailor-made particle size distributions are available on request.Contact us to discuss your specific requirements.

Mechanical properties

The table below displays typical mechanical properties for as-built powder bed fusion – laser beam evaluated in room temperature.

Condition	Direction	Proof strength	Tensile strength	E-modulus	Elongation
		Rp0.2	Rm		А
		MPa	MPa	MPa1	%
L-PBF, as built	Horizontal	1330	1510	218	14.3
L-PBF, as built	Vertical	1230	1510	209	14.1

1 x103

Condition	Direction	Proof strength	Tensile strength	E-modulus	Elongation
		Rp0.2	Rm		А
		ksi	ksi	ksi1	%
L-PBF, as built	Horizontal	193	219	31.6	14.3
L-PBF, as built	Vertical	178	219	30.3	14.1

Source: Chalmers University of Technology



Condition	Direction	Impact toughness
		Charpy V
		J
L-PBF, as built	Horizontal	71
L-PBF, as built	Vertical	61

1 x103

Source: Sandvik and Chalmers University of Technology

Physical properties Wrought material data Density: 7.85 g/cm3, 0.28 lb/in3 Thermal conductivity: 44.5 W/mK Coefficient of thermal expansion: 12.3 10-6 K-1 Melting point: 1427 °C (2600 °F)

Testing

All Osprey[®] metal powders are supplied with a certificate of analysis containing information on the chemical composition and particle size distribution. Information on other powder characteristics is available upon request.

Packaging

A wide range of packaging options is available, from 5kgs plastic bottles to 250kg metal drums.

5 kg (11 lbs) Plastic bottles 6 kg (13 lbs) Plastic bottles 10 kg (22 lbs) Plastic bottles 20 kg (44 lbs) Metal cans 100 kg (220 lbs) Steel drums 150 kg (330 lbs) Steel drums 250 kg (551 lbs) Steel drums All packaging materials are suitable for air, sea and road freight.

Contact us for more information and to discuss your packaging requirements.



Disclaimer: Data and recommendations are provided for information and guidance only, and the performance or suitability of the material for specific applications are not warranted or guaranteed. Continuous development may necessitate changes in technical data without notice. This datasheet is only valid for Sandvik materials. Datasheet updated: Sep 14, 2023 12:20 PM CET (supersedes all previous editions)